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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/579,520	05/15/2006	Raymond De Callafon	0321.68700	8437
24978 GREER, BURN	7590 06/08/200 NS & CRAIN	EXAMINER		
300 S WACKE		MEI, XU		
25TH FLOOR CHICAGO, IL	60606		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2614	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/08/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Applica	ation No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/579	,520	DE CALLAFON, RAYMOND		
		Examir	ner	Art Unit		
		Xu Mei		2614		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun r Reply	nication appears on	the cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	ddress	
A SHO WHIC - Exten after: - If NO - Failur Any n	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE IN sions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comi- period for reply is specified above, the maximum s e to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no nunication. tatutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the	THIS COMMUNICATIC event, however, may a reply be t d will expire SIX (6) MONTHS froi application to become ABANDON	N. imely filed in the mailing date of this of ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·	
Status						
2a)⊠ 3)□	Responsive to communication(s) file This action is FINAL . Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the pract	2b)⊠ This action is for allowance exce	pt for formal matters, p		e merits is	
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□	Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a Claim(s) <u>6,9,10,17 and 20-27</u> is/are Claim(s) <u>1-5,7,8,11-16,18,19 and 20 Claim(s)</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restri	re withdrawn from allowed. 8-31 is/are rejected				
Applicati	on Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the control of the drawing (s) filed on is/are Applicant may not request that any objected the control of the cont	: a) ☐ accepted or ection to the drawing(s g the correction is req	s) be held in abeyance. So uired if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 C	, ,	
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) Notice Notice (3) Inform	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (lation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 'No(s)/Mail Date	PTO-948)	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date		

DETAILED ACTION

1. This communication is responsive to the applicant's amendment dated 03/23/2009.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-5, 7-8, 11-16, 18-19 and 28-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eguchi in view of Heuberger et al (A Generalized Orthonormal Basis for Linear Dynamical System, IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, Vol. 40, No 3, pp. 451-465).

Regarding Claims 1 and 4, Eguchi discloses an active noise control apparatus (Figure 1) for reducing noise from noise source (1), comprising: a first detector (3) for detecting noise produced by the noise source; a generalized finite impulse response filter (6) for receiving noise signals of the detected noise from said first detector, and generating control signals for reducing the noise from the noise sources (y); and a sound generator (5) for producing sound based on said control signals from said generalized FIR filter substantially canceling the noise from the noise source. What's not taught by Eguchi is the specific generalized or orthonormal FIR filter includes at

least one generalized basis function.

Heuberger et al. discloses a generalized or orthonormal FIR transfer function in a form as claimed (pg. 459, Col. 2, line 34) described by an orthonormal basis function, direct feed through term, and optimal filter coefficients. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the FIR filter of the active noise control apparatus of Eguchi with a generalized or orthonormal FIR transfer function that including at least one generalized or orthonormal basis function, as shown by Heuberger et al, in order to generate optimal filter coefficients for the FIR filter to improve accuracy of active noise control for the active noise control apparatus.

Regarding Claim 2, Eguchi further discloses said generalized FIR filter is a feedforward compensator (Figure 1).

Regarding Claim 3, Eguchi further discloses said first detector (3) is located downstream of the noise source (1), and said sound generator (5) is located downstream of said first detector.

Regarding Claim 8, Eguchi further discloses a second detector (4) for detecting noise down stream of said sound generator.

Regarding Claim 11, Eguchi further discloses the first detector and second detector are microphones, and said sound generator is a speaker (Col. 7, lines 46-54).

Regarding claim 12 and 15, Eguchi discloses a method for reducing noise from a noise source in an active noise control system, comprising: detecting first noise produced by the noise source (1); generating control signals (y) from a generalized finite

impulse response filter (6) for reducing the first noise from the noise source based on a first signal of said detected noise; and producing sound (5) based on said control signals for substantially canceling said first noise from the noise source. What's not taught by Eguchi is the specific generalized or orthonormal FIR filter includes at least one generalized basis function.

Heuberger et al. discloses a generalized or orthonormal FIR transfer function in a form as claimed (pg. 459, Col. 2, line 34) described by an orthonormal basis function, direct feed through term, and optimal filter coefficients. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the FIR filter of the active noise control apparatus of Eguchi with a generalized or orthonormal FIR transfer function that including at least one generalized or orthonormal basis function, as shown by Heuberger et al, in order to generate optimal filter coefficients for the FIR filter to improve accuracy of active noise control for the active noise control apparatus.

Regarding claim 13, Eguchi further discloses said generalized FIR filter is a feedforward compensator (Figure 1).

Regarding claim 14, Eguchi further discloses said first noise (1) is detected by a microphone (3) located downstream of the noise source, and said sound is produced by a speaker (5) located downstream of said microphone.

Regarding claim 19, Eguchi further discloses detecting second noise (4) after said sound based on said control signals has been produced.

Regarding Claim 5 and 16, Heuberger et al. further discloses constructing functions based on recursive equations (Pg. 456, Col. 1).

Regarding Claims 7 and 18, Heuberger et al. further discloses identifying coefficients through a least-squares routine (Pg. 452, Col. 1).

Regarding claims 28-31, see pages 459-460 of Heuberger et al.

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 6, 9-10, 17, and 20-27 are allowed over prior art of record.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 03/23/2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention

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where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, utilize a generalized FIR including at least one generalized or orthonormal basis function as shown by Heuberger et al, to modify the FIR filter shown by Eguchi, with the advantages as described in the paper of Heuberger et al for general linear ANC system of Eguchi would have been considered in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art when the references of Eguchi and Heuberger are available.

Conclusion

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to Xu Mei whose telephone number is 571-272-7523. The examiner can normally be reached

on maxi flex.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Vivian Chin can be reached on 571-272-7848. The fax phone number for the organization where this

application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from

either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

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or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-

1000.

/Xu Mei/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2614

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